

KanCare General Information Fact Sheet



Adult Disabled Child (ADC) Criteria

When an individual loses their Social Security Insurance (SSI) benefit due to receiving Social Security benefits as an adult disabled child, an eligibility worker will review the case. If the beneficiary meets all the ADC criteria per the eligibility policy, they may be eligible for KanCare without a spenddown or HCBS obligation. Below are the criteria used to determine eligibility for ADC.

Does this individual receive SSI or reside in a nursing facility or state institution?

- Yes – this individual does not qualify for ADC.
- No – continue to determine ADC eligibility below.

To be eligible without a spenddown or HCBS obligation, all the criteria below must be met.

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Social Security claim number ends in a “C” |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Currently receives SSA benefits as an “adult disabled child”. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Received SSI based on disability or blindness and that disability or blindness onset date was prior to age 22 (SSI payment may begin after age 22) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Lost eligibility for SSI (including 1619B status) on or after July 1, 1987 solely because they became newly eligible for benefits as an “adult disabled child” or because of an increase in such benefits. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | They would be eligible for SSI now if not for the amount of the “adult disabled child” benefit. |

In addition to this criteria, the applicant must also be financially eligible. Total countable income, and whether it is above or below the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) limit will be evaluated.

This information is provided in cooperation with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Health Care Finance.