KanCare Transitional Care Requirements

MCO Transitional and Continuity of Care Management Requirements

Definition

MCOs are required to provide transition of care management for all KanCare Enrollees. Specialized care coordination is required for Enrollees whose health care needs are changing for a variety of reasons, including:

- Changing from one MCO to another
- Hospital (Ex: State hospital, ICF-IID, etc.) to home or nursing facility
- Nursing facility to home/home to nursing facility
- Enrollee assignment to HCBS waiver
- Enrollee assignment of chronic care management moved from one provider to another
- Transition to or from KanCare eligibility
- Transitions for children in Foster Care

For a full description of this policy, please refer to the Kansas Transition of Care Policy found here: https://www.kancare.ks.gov/policies-and-reports/transition-of-care

Requirements for Specific Transitions

Transition Between MCOs

To ensure the continuity of care during periods of Enrollee transition between MCOs, the following actions must be taken:

- All MCOs must designate points of contact to aide in MCO-to-MCO outreach during these transitions.
- "Receiving" MCOs must make outreach to the previous MCO to gather Enrollee provider information and Plans of Care, as necessary.
- "Receiving" MCOs must utilize previous MCO encounter data provided by the State to determine previously utilized Enrollee providers and services.
- "Receiving" MCOs must develop or attempt to develop contracts with previously utilized providers to ensure the continuity of care for Enrollees.
 - MCOs must make efforts to preserve existing relationships between providers and Enrollees in which the provider was a main source of Medicaid services for the Enrollee during the previous year.

- "Receiving" MCOs must update all relevant documentation and planning.
- "Original" MCO will have 15 calendar days to provide the documentation.
- Ensure that the current Plan of Care in place with the "original" MCO will be honored for 90 days by the "receiving" MCO. Services should not change or reduce until after 90 days are over and the initial screening has occurred. This requirement may be waived at the Enrollee's request. The MCO may include additional services at any time to benefit the Enrollee.
- Ensure that the current authorization in place with the "original" MCO will be honored without change by the "receiving" MCO until 90 days after the transfer of the enrollee. This requirement may be waived at the Enrollee's request. The MCO may include additional services at any time to benefit the Enrollee. This does not include patients who are being discharged from a facility. The inpatient authorization stops with the discharge.
- Enrollees are entitled to see an established PCP for 6 months after their transition, regardless if the provider is "in network" or not.
- This policy timeframes takes precedence over the KanCare contract stipulations around needs assessment timeframes and Person Centered Service Plan timeframes for members who transfer from other MCOs and already have a plan of care associated with their waiver. If the member changes waivers OR is a new KanCare member, the contract timeframes apply.

Transition Between MCOs When 'Receiving' MCO Is New To KanCare

For MCOs that are new to KanCare, there are additional requirements for the first ninety days of their contract with the State of Kansas:

- Providers who are already enrolled in KMAP and not yet contracted with the MCO will be
 paid as "in network" at 100% of the Medicaid fee-for-service (FFS) rate through the first
 90 days after the MCO enters the KanCare program. If the provider has applied for
 credentialing or contracting, and the MCO is not timely due to internal delays with their
 provider networking process, then the MCO must extend the period during which the
 provider is deemed "in network".
- Providers who are not yet contracted or credentialed with one or more MCOs do not need
 to prior-authorize every service during the KanCare transition. During the first 90 days for
 a new KanCare MCO, participating and nonparticipating providers alike should follow the
 plan's service prior authorization/notification policies for participating providers. Except
 as outlined in the paragraph above, at the end of the 90-day period, non-contracted
 providers must follow the MCOs regular non-contracted provider authorization
 procedures.

For all transitions specified above, MCOs must ensure that any sharing of Enrollee information is conducted with the consent of the Enrollee or designated representative and in accordance with State and Federal privacy requirements.