

Adult Disabled Child (ADC) Criteria

When an individual loses their SSI benefit due to receiving Social Security benefits as an adult disabled child, an eligibility worker will review the case. If the beneficiary meets all of the ADC criteria per our eligibility policy, they may be eligible for KanCare without a spenddown or HCBS obligation. Below is the criteria used to determine eligibility for ADC.

Does this individual receive SSI or reside in a nursing facility or state institution?

- Yes – this individual does not qualify for ADC.
 - No – continue to determine ADC eligibility below.
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In order to be eligible without a spenddown or HCBS obligation, all of the criteria below must be met.

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| <input type="checkbox"/> | Social Security claim number ends in a “C” |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Currently receives SSA benefits as an “adult disabled child”. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Received SSI based on disability or blindness and that disability or blindness onset date was prior to age 22 (SSI payment may begin after age 22) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Lost eligibility for SSI (including 1619B status) on or after July 1, 1987 solely because they became newly eligible for benefits as an “adult disabled child” or because of an increase in such benefits. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | They would be eligible for SSI now if not for the amount of the “adult disabled child” benefit. |

In addition to the criteria above, individuals must also meet financial and non-financial eligibility criteria. This includes being a resident of Kansas, U.S. citizen or eligible non-citizen, and resources must not exceed the resource limit.